1	On December 12, 2013, he filed his first Motion under 28 U.S.C. §2255 to Vacate, Set
2	Aside, or Correct Sentence. <i>United States v. Montgomery</i> , Western District of Washington case
3	11-5156 RJB, Dkt. 98 and <i>Montgomery v. United States</i> , Western District of Washington case
4	13-6059 RJB, Dkt. 1. The motion was denied with prejudice on February 6, 2014. United States
5	v. Montgomery, Western District of Washington case 11-5156 RJB, Dkt. 100 and Montgomery v.
6	United States, Western District of Washington case 13-6059 RJB, Dkt. 11.
7	On April 14, 2014, Mr. Montgomery filed "Writ Under the All Writs Act F.R. Cv. P.
8	60(b)(3&(4) Motion to Reverse Punishment Order Dismiss Indictment with Prejudice as Void
9	from Want of Jurisdiction of the District Court F. R. Cv. P. 12(b)(1)(2)&(4)" challenging this
10	Court's jurisdiction to hear the underlying criminal case and arguing that his punishment should
11	be "reversed." <i>United States v. Montgomery</i> , Western District of Washington case 11-5156 RJB
12	Dkt. 101. A new case was opened. <i>Montgomery v. United States</i> , Western District of
13	Washington case 14-5314 RJB.
14	His "Writ Under the All Writs Act F.R. Cv. P. 60(b)(3&(4) Motion to Reverse
15	Punishment Order Dismiss Indictment with Prejudice as Void from Want of Jurisdiction of the
16	District Court F. R. Cv. P. 12(b)(1)(2)&(4)" was construed as a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255
17	because Mr. Montgomery was again challenging his sentence. Dkt. 3. Accordingly, as a
18	successive 28 U.S.C. § 2255 motion, it was transferred to the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals
19	because this Court was without jurisdiction to hear it. Dkt. 3, (citing 28 U.S.C. § 2255; 28
20	U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A)).
21	On April 28, 2014, Mr. Montgomery filed an additional pleading, again stating that this
22	Court lacked jurisdiction to sentence him and again moved to vacate the punishment order and
23	dismiss the indictment with prejudice. Dkt. 4. On May 6, 2014, this pleading was considered a
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part of his successive 28 U.S.C. § 2255 petition and transferred the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals because the Court was without jurisdiction to consider Petitioner's motion until the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals has authorized its filing. Dkt. 5 (citing 28 U.S.C. § 2255; 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A)). Dkt. 5. On May 15, 2014, Petitioner filed a "Notice of Default." Dkt. 6. This pleading was considered a part of his successive 28 U.S.C. § 2255 petition and transferred the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals because the Court was without jurisdiction to consider Petitioner's motion. The certificate of appealability was denied. On September 2, 2014, Petitioner filed the instant motion, arguing that his "plea is/was void and must be rejected by the District Court Judge" because it was entered "before a U.S. Magistrate Judge, who is not an Art. III judge as required by the U.S. Constitution." Dkt. 113. He argues that the Court should dismiss the final judgment as invalid. *Id.* A new case was opened. Montgomery v. United States, Western District of Washington case 14-5699 RJB. In this September 2, 2014 motion, Mr. Montgomery is again challenging his judgment and sentence. Dkt. 113. Accordingly, this motion should be construed as a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255. Mr. Montgomery previously filed a § 2255 motion, and it was dismissed with prejudice. He has filed multiple successive 28 U.S.C. § 2255 motions, each of which has been transferred to the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals. Any prisoner seeking to file a successive § 2255 motion must first file, in the appropriate court of appeals, a motion for an order authorizing the district court to consider the successive application. 28 U.S.C. § 2255; 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A). Accordingly, this Court is without jurisdiction to consider Petitioner's current motion (Dkt. 113) also filed in Montgomery v. United States, Western District of Washington case 14-5699 RJB, (Dkt. 1) until the Ninth Circuit Court 24

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of Appeals has authorized its filing. This pleading should be transferred the Ninth Circuit Court 2 of Appeals. 28 U.S.C. § 2255; 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A). 3 It is **ORDERED** that: 4 Petitioner's "Motion to Dismiss Invalid Judgment Due to "Void" Plea before a 5 Magistrate Judge in a Felony Criminal Action in Violation of the Federal Magistrates 6 Act of 1968" (Dkt. 113), also filed in *Montgomery v. United States*, Western District of 7 Washington case 14-5699 RJB, (Dkt. 1) **IS TRANSFERRED** to the Ninth Circuit Court 8 of Appeals pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1631 and Ninth Circuit Rule 22-3. Petitioner is 9 advised that this transfer does not of itself constitute compliance with § 2244(b)(3)(A) 10 and Ninth Circuit Rule 22-3. Petitioner must still file a motion for leave to proceed in 11 the Court of Appeals and make the showing required by § 2255(h). 12 The Clerk is directed to transfer original documents to the Ninth Circuit Court of 13 Appeals. The Clerk shall, however, retain a copy of the motion and of this Order in the file. The 14 Clerk is further directed to send a copy of this Order to all counsel of record and to any party 15 appearing pro se at said party's last known address. Dated this 4<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2014. 16 17 18 ROBERT J. BRYAN 19 United States District Judge 20 21 22 23 24